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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/575,429	05/22/2000	Jeffery A. Konecke	1002-111	2363	
7590 08/31/2006			EXAMINER		
James J. Schumann			ALEXANDER, LYLE		
FITCH, EVEN, TABIN & FLANNERY 9276 SCRANTON ROAD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SUITE 250			1743		
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121			DATE MAILED, 00/21/2007		

DATE MAILED: 08/31/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u> </u>	
Office Action Summary		09/575,429	KONECKE, JEFF	KONECKE, JEFFERY A.	
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Lyle A. Alexander	1743		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence ac	ddress	
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR STAT	ATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 36(a). In no event, however, may a rewill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT a, cause the application to become ABA	CATION. The ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this of the capacity of the cap		
Status					
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 Jac</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matte	•	e merits is	
Dispositi	on of Claims	•	•		
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) 1,3-8,11,12,16,17 and 19-27 is/are per 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,3-8,11,12,16,17 and 19-27 is/are recommonded is/are objected to. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	wn from consideration.			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand tion is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 C	·	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Aprity documents have been rule (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No received in this National	Stage	
Attachment	· •	,			
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PT)	D-152)	

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1,3-8,11-12,16-17 and 19-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Galloway et al. (USP 5,403,551).

Galloway et al. teach a device(10) for the collection and testing of a body fluid.

The device(10) comprises a container(12) having an opening(14) and a chamber(18) within the container(12). The container is formed or molded form any suitable material such as plastic. Inside wall(30) of the container is flat and recessed while the top of the container is uniformly circular which is read on the claimed "container use to collect ... being uniform circular cross section except for a recessed flat front wall".

Chromatographic means(40) comprises test strip(46) that detect illicit drugs (see col. 4 lines 30-35) and has been read on the claimed "cassette". Column 4 lines 64-66 teach the cover(48) is transparent. Cap(28) has been read on the claimed "lid". When the lid is closed and cover(48) is in place, the means(40) is "inside" and vertically below cap(28).

Galloway et al. is silent to the container made of a transparent material and the claimed sloping bottom floor of 1-3 degrees.

The court decided <u>In re Leshin</u> (125 USPQ 416) that selection of a plastic based upon its suitability of intended use is obvious.

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It is desirable to make specimen containers transparent so the patient can easily see the amount of fluid being added to avoid overfilling/spilling of the container. Also, transparent containers are advantageous for the technician who can identify the type of specimen a glance.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Galloway et al. and use a transparent container to gain the above advantages and as selection of a material based upon its suitability of intended use.

The court decided <u>In re Boesch</u> (205 USPQ 215) that optimization of a result effective variable is ordinarily within the skill of the art. A result effective variable has predictable and well-known results.

The degree of slop of the floor would have been a result effective variable to achieve the expected and well-known results speed of fluid travel and fluid pool depth created by the slope.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Galloway et al. and slope the floor to any angle, such as 1-3', to achieve the well known and expected results of fluid flow management described above.

Claims 27 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Galloway et al. in view of Davis (USP 5,119,830)[cited on the 2/26/02 PTOL-892].

See Galloway et al. supra.

Galloway et al. are silent to the claimed 1-3' slope of the floor.

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Davis teaches in column 3 lines 40+ the floor is inclined and in column 5 line 28+ the sloping of the floor is advantageous to manage the flow of the fluid sample.

The court decided <u>In re Boesch</u> (205 USPQ 215) that optimization of a result effective variable is ordinarily within the skill of the art. A result effective variable has predictable and well-known results.

The degree of slop of the floor would have been a result effective variable to achieve the expected and well-known results speed of fluid travel and fluid pool depth created by the slope.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Galloway et al. in view of Davis and slope the floor to any angle, such as 1-3', to achieve the well known and expected results of fluid flow management described above.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/21/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant state Galloway et al. is more complex than the instant invention and does not suggest the instant simple and straightforward invention. Galloway et al. teach all of the claimed elements and the instant claim language is open (e.g. comprising) and does not exclude addition features taught by Galloway et al.

Applicant states the instant invention specifies the cassette is received inside of the chamber which is not taught by Galloway et al. The Office does not agree.

Galloway et al. teach the chamber(18) that is in fluid communication with the cassette and has been properly read on the instant claim language.

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Applicant states the instant invention permits only one orientation for the cassette's insertion into the chamber. These remarks are not commensurate in scope with the pending claims because no such limitations are claimed.

Applicant states new claim 27 and claim 17 should define over Galloway et al. because of the claimed slope angle. The Office maintains these issues are addressed in the 35 USC 103 rejections above.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lyle A. Alexander whose telephone number is 571-272-1254. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Lyle A Alexander Primary Examiner Art Unit 1743

